

GUIDELINES FOR DETERMINING HOSPICE APPROPRIATENESS

Non-cancer patients with prognosis of (6) months or less

Home Care & Hospice	
 General Decline (In the setting of other comorbidities) Increased dependence in at least (3) ADL's, bathing, eating, dressing, walking, toileting Multiple co-morbidities Unintentional weight loss Increased need for medical care: ER visits, hospitalization, MD visits, transfers appropriateness CVA Six month prognosis is indicated in actue stroke by the presence of any of these findings: Coma or persistent vegetative state beyond 3 days duration after stroke Dysphasia sever enough to prevent adequate nutrition where artificial nutrition is inappropriate Severe obtundation with severe myoclonus, persistent beyond 3 days, duration after stroke 	 End Stage Renal Disease A prognosis of less than six months is indicated by the presence of both of these characteristics in a patient not seeking a transplant or ongoing dialysis Creatinine clearance of less than 10mL/Min (15 mL/min in Diabetes) Serum creatinine of greater than 8mg/dL (6 mg/dL in Diabetics) End Stage Heart Disease Dyspnea or angina at rest, worsening in spite of maximal medical management Resistant arrhythmias, cardiac arrest history, active HIV, angina at rest, history of MI, known ejection fraction <20% support this prognosis but need not be present
 End Stage Lung Disease Presence of at least one characteristic of each category Disabling dyspneas, refractor to treatment Dyspnea at rest Dyspneas limiting a patient to a bed to chair existence Blood gas values consistent with end-stage disease PO2<55mm HG on supplemental oxygen Oxygen saturation <88% on supplemental O2 PCO2> 50 mm HG Presence of right heart failure Physical findings of right sided failure Echocardiographic documentation Cor Pulmonale on EKG 	 Liver Disease The presence of both prothrombin time >5 seconds over control and serum albumin 2.5 gm/dL The presence of at least one of the following: Refractory ascites Spontaneous bacterial peritonitis Hepatorenal syndrome Refractory hepatic encephalopathy Recurrent variceal bleeding despite therapy May be on the waiting list for transplant: will be discharged from hospice if donor is found
Dementia Due to Alzheimer's Disease & Related Disorders: Presence of at least one characteristic: Senile degeneration of the brain Inability to walk without assistance Inability to dress without assistance Inability to bath without assistance Occasional or more frequent incontinence of urine and stool Inability to speak or communicate meaningfully, uses stereotypical phrases only or is limited to 6 or fewer intelligible words One of the following or some other significant condition w/ in a year: Infection including septicemia, pneumonia or UTI Decubitus ulcers stage 3-4 Malnutrition with 10 % weight loss during the past 6 months or serum albumin <2.5 gm/dL	Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis Presence of at least one characteristic from each category: • Progression of illness within the past 12 months preceding initial hospice certification shown by: Change from independence to dependence in most ADLs Change from independent ambulation to wheelchair or bed bound Change from normal to pureed diet Disease exacerbated by any one of the following findings within 12 months: Pulmonary vital capacity <30% expected Dyspnea at rest Requires oxygen at rest Weight loss Evidence of hypovolemia Pyelonephritis Sepsis Fever recurrent after antibiotics Multiple stage 3-4 decubitus ulcers Effects of artificial feeding or assisted ventilation may compromise prognostic indicators, but this should be considered in the clinical context

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